Project Proposal: Creating a Database of Definitions From Large Mathematical Corpora

A comprehensive dictionary of all mathematical lexicon

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Objectives and Outline

Objective

Create a machine learning system that can find the definitions and the terms being defined in large collections of mathematical texts.

The problem is broken down into two parts:

The Classifier: Tells if a given paragraph is a definition or not

A Named Entity Recognition system: given a definition, returns the term that is being defined (definiendum).

For each part I will describe how to:

- Get and process the relevant data.
- Train and take a look at the results.

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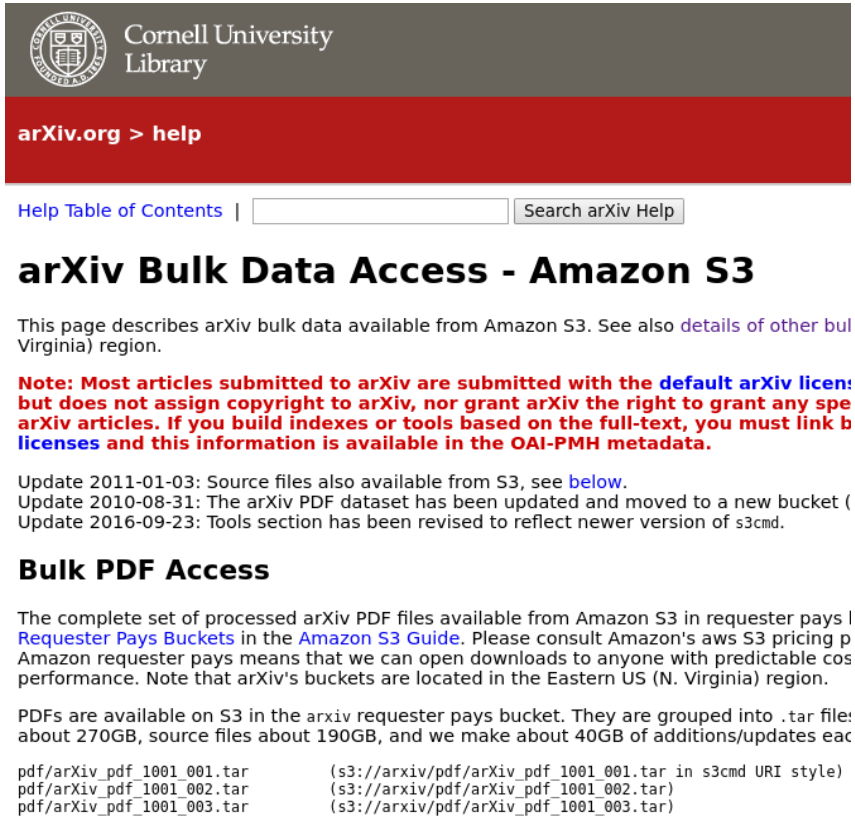

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Update 2011-01-03: Source files also available from S3, see below.
Update 2010-08-31: The arXiv PDF dataset has been updated and moved to a new bucket (
Update 2016-09-23: Tools section has been revised to reflect newer version of `s3cmd`.

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PDFs are available on S3 in the `arxiv` requester pays bucket. They are grouped into `.tar` file
about 270GB, source files about 190GB, and we make about 40GB of additions/updates eac

```
pdf/arXiv_pdf_1001_001.tar        (s3://arxiv/pdf/arXiv_pdf_1001_001.tar in s3cmd URI style)
pdf/arXiv_pdf_1001_002.tar        (s3://arxiv/pdf/arXiv_pdf_1001_002.tar)
pdf/arXiv_pdf_1001_003.tar        (s3://arxiv/pdf/arXiv_pdf_1001_003.tar)
```

- About 885 Gigabytes of .tar files.
- Each .tar file is about 500 Megabytes.
- Download without affecting the website's traffic.
- LaTeX source is converted to a more structured format.

LaTeXML

Process each article to get a more structured format

credit: Bruce Miller, `www.nist.gov/people/bruce-r-miller`

Obtaining and Classifying Definitions

- Sometimes the author of an article uses a LaTeX macro to label a definition. These are our positive labels:

```
</para>
<theorem class="ltx_theorem_definition" inlist="thm theorem:definition" xml:id="Thmdefinition1">
  <tags>
    <tag>Definition 1</tag>
    <tag role="refnum">1</tag>
    <tag role="typerefnum">Definition 1</tag>
```

- To get negative labels, we pick paragraphs at random and assume they are not definitions.
- This has the drawback that some of the non–definitions are wrong.
- There are 1,707 articles in 2015 math.AG, we go from 5,229 labeled definitions to 71,067 "probable" definitions.

Some Classification Results

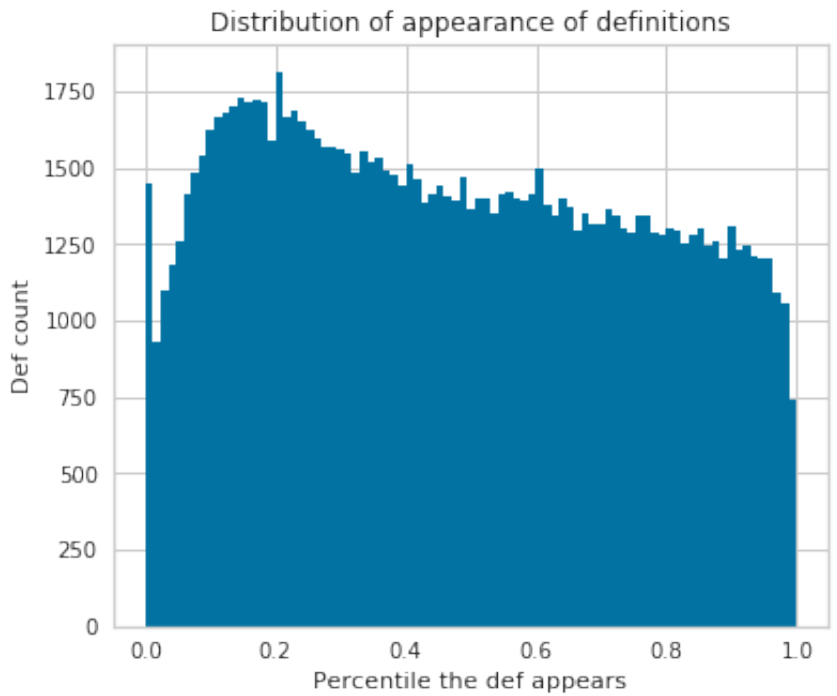
- Results using SVC (Support Vector Classifier) in **scikit-learn**

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.0	0.79	0.91	0.85	2358
1.0	0.95	0.88	0.91	4520

- Sanity check:

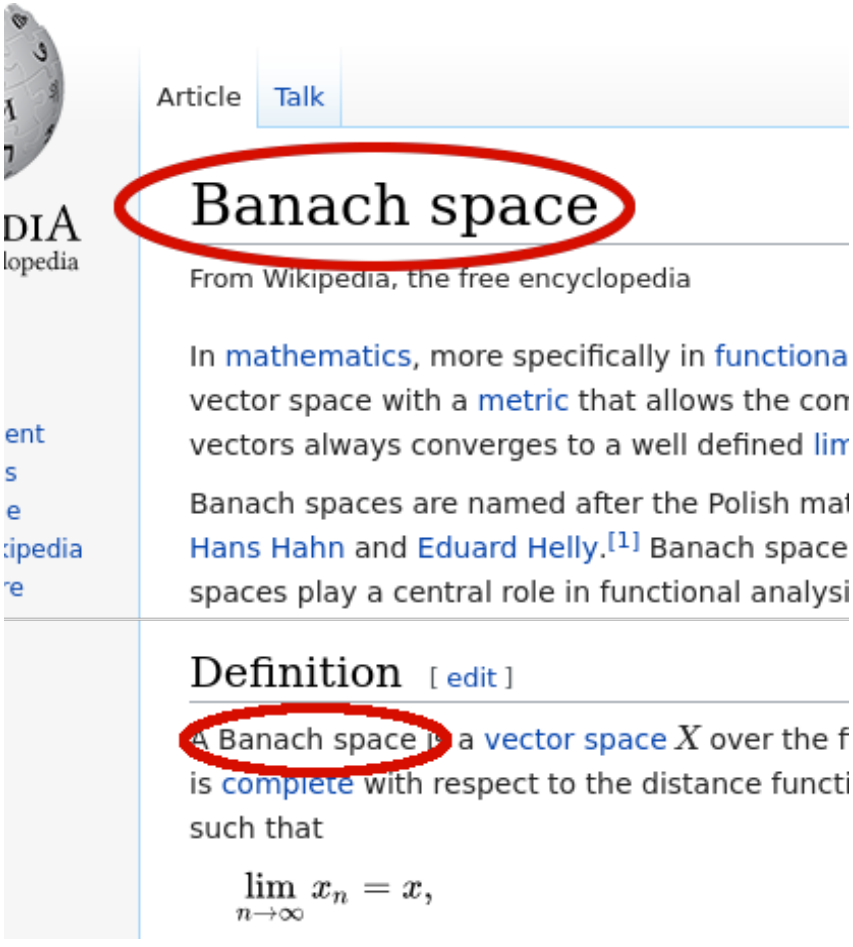
```
Def = ['a banach space is defined as a complete vector space.',
       'This is not a definition honestly. even if it includes technical words like scheme and cohomology',
      'There is no real reason as to why this classifier is so good.',
      'a triangle is equilateral if and only if all its sides are the same length.']
vdef = count_vect.transform(Def)
clf.predict(vdef)
```

```
array([1., 0., 0., 1.])
```



Extracting the Definienda

Obtaining the data for Named Entity Recognition system



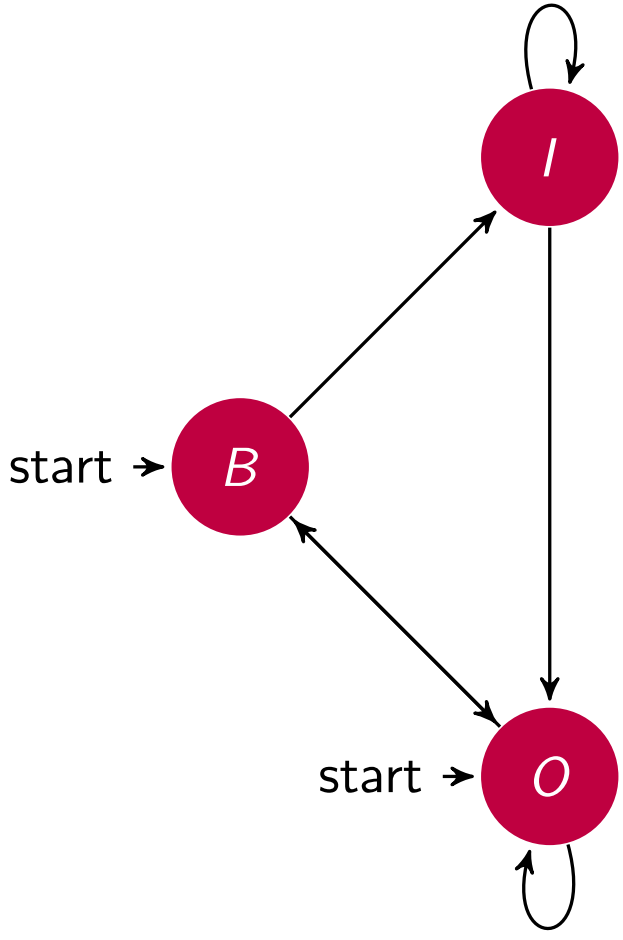
- Go through every of wikipedia article looking for a Definition section that contains the title.
- We obtain a pair: (**Definienda**, Definition).
- Just 5,321 matches out of almost 6 million articles.
- Several other websites could be used e.g. The Stacks project

Training and Evaluating the NER System

Results of the IOB parser using the ChunkParserI method in the **nltk** library

Input		Output
Token	POS	NER
We	PRP	O
define	VBP	O
a	DT	O
Banach	NNP	B–DFNDUM
space	NN	I–DFNDUM
as	IN	O
a	DT	O
complete	JJ	O
vector	NN	O
space	NN	O

```
ChunkParse score:
    IOB Accuracy:  91.2%%
    Precision:     32.0%%
    Recall:        68.0%%
    F-Measure:     43.5%%
```



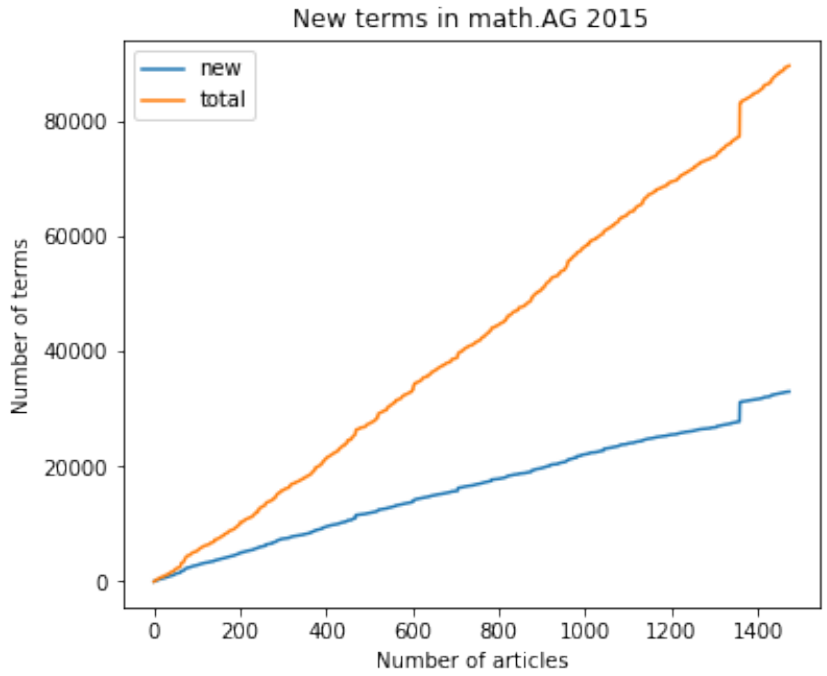
Some definitions found in the 2015 math.DG articles:

Ex. Things we like

An induced generalized Kähler structure on _inline_math_ is a Lie algebraic generalized Kähler structure with _inline_math_. It is a canonical generalized Kähler structure if _inline_math_.

Ex. Things we don't like

Suppose _inline_math_ is a vector space. The only connection on the graded manifold _inline_math_ is the trivial connection.



Conclusions and Future Work

- We think that we have collected enough evidence to believe that a robust collector of definitions is possible.
- A lot of interesting work ahead:
  - Organize the definitions in a *dependency tree structure.*
  - Produce word embedding with math tokens (e.g. where *Banach space* is just one token).
  - Visualize the new terminology to assist with classification and disambiguation.

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